

Fourth Grade Recitation

**Please Stand.
Let Us Pray.**

Week

- 1**
- Opening prayer – review the words and their meanings.
 - Pledge of Allegiance.
 - How many stars on the American flag? (50) What do they stand for? (50 US States)
 - How many stripes on the American flag? (13) What do they stand for? (13 Original Colonies)
 - Who is our current president?
 - Who was the first President? (George Washington)
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- 2**
- Define sentence. (A sentence is a group of words expressing a complete thought. There are four kinds of them: declarative, interrogative, imperative, exclamatory.)
 - Name the seven continents (North America, South America, Europe, Africa, Asia, Antarctica, Australia)
 - Recite Genesis 1:27, “God created man in his image, in the divine image He created him, male and female he created them.”
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- 3**
- Define a declarative sentence. (One of the four kinds of sentences. It makes a statement and ends with a period.)
 - Define an exclamatory sentence. (One of the four kinds of sentences. It expresses strong feelings and ends with an exclamation point.)
 - What does hemisphere mean? (Half of the earth)
 - Recite Exodus 19:5-6, “Therefore, if you hearken to my voice and keep my covenant, you shall be my special possession, dearer to me than all other people, though all the earth is mine.”
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- 4**
- Define an imperative sentence. (One of the four kinds of sentences. It gives a command and ends with a period or exclamation point.)
 - Define an interrogative sentence. (One of the four kinds of sentences it asked a question and ends with a question mark.)
 - Name the four hemispheres. (Northern, Southern, Eastern, Western)
 - Recite the first memorized poem (chorally)
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- 5**
- Define a noun (A noun is a part of speech. It names a person, place, or thing. A noun names a quality or an idea. A noun may be singular or plural.)
 - Define a verb (A verb is a part of speech that shows action or a state of being.)
 - What imaginary line separates the northern hemisphere from the southern hemisphere? (The equator)
 - What imaginary line separates the Eastern Hemisphere from the Western Hemisphere? (The prime Meridian)
 - Recite Psalm 51:12, “A clean heart create for me, God; renew in me a steadfast spirit.”
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- 6
- Define the principal elements in a sentence (Principal elements are the parts of the sentence that are needed for the sentence to be completed. Subject and predicate are those parts.)
 - What are the names of the great lakes in the United States? (Lake Superior, Lake Michigan, Lake Huron, Lake Erie, and Lake Ontario)
 - Name the capitol of Michigan? (Lansing)
 - Recite Psalm 104:30, “When you send forth your breath, they are created, and you renew the face of the earth.”

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- 7
- Recite the second memorized poem. (chorally)
 - Name the eight planets in order from the sun (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune. Pluto is a dwarf star.)

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- 8
- Define a subject. (One of the principal elements in a sentence. It is a noun or pronoun and is what the sentence is about.)
 - Define a predicate. (One of the principal elements in a sentence. It tells something about the subject like what it is doing or being.)
 - Define simple predicate. (The verb or verb phrase in a sentence.)
 - Sirach 15:14, “When God, in the beginning, created man, he made him subject to his own free choice.”

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- 9
- What are the eight parts of speech? (The eight parts of speech are classes of words with the same kind of meaning and use. They are nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, pronouns, conjunctions, and interjections.)
 - Recite Isaiah 61:1, “The Spirit of the Lord God is upon me, because the Lord has anointed me; He has sent me to bring glad tidings to the lowly, to heal the brokenhearted, to proclaim liberty to the captives and release to the prisoners.”

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- 10
- Define a conjunction. (A part of speech that joins words, phrases, or clauses. Conjunctions indicate the relation between the elements they join.)
 - Recite the third memorized poem. (girls then boys)

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- 11
- How many time zones are there? (4) Name them. (Eastern, Central, Mountain, Pacific)
 - Recite Luke 1:48, “For he has looked upon his handmaid’s lowliness; behold, from now on will all ages call me blessed.”

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- 12
- Define an interjection. (A part of speech that is a word or short phrase that expresses strong emotion. It is inserted into a sentence or stands alone.)
 - How many oceans are there in the world? Name them. (Five; Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Arctic, Southern)
 - Recite Luke 2:11, “For today in the city of David, a savior has been born for you who is Messiah and Lord.”
 - Recite Luke 2:14, “Glory to God in the highest, and on earth peace to those on whom his favor rests.”

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- 13
- Define a helping verb. (Helps another verb expresses its meaning. Both words work together as one action. Some Examples of helping verbs include am, is, are, was, were, be, have, has, had, and others.)
 - Define a verb phrase. (An action verb together with a helping verb.)
 - Recite the fourth memorized poem. (boys then girls)
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- 14
- Define a simple predicate. (The verb or verb phrase in a sentence.)
 - Say the two great Commandments of love Jesus gave us. (1. You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart, with all your soul, and with all your mind. 2. You shall love your neighbor as yourself.)
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- 15
- Define syntax. (Word order. It is the way in which words are combined to form phrases, clauses, or sentences.)
 - Recite Matthew 5:43-44, “You have heard that it was said, ‘you shall love your neighbor and hate your enemy’. But I say to you, love your enemies, and pray for those who persecute you.”
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- 16
- Define an adjective. (An adjective is a part of speech. It modifies a noun or pronoun. It answers the questions *how many, whose, which one, or what kind.*)
 - Define an adverb. (An adverb is a part of speech. It modifies a verb, an adjective, or adverb. It answers the questions *how, when, or where.*)
 - Recite the fifth memorized poem. (individually)
 - Recite Matthew 6:21, “For where your treasure is, there also will your heart be.”
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- 17
- Define the object in a sentence. (A word that names the person or thing that directly receives the action of the verb.)
 - Define a pronoun. (A pronoun is a part of speech used in place of a noun or of more than one noun. A pronoun is a part of speech.)
 - Recite Matthew 16:18, “And so I say to you, you are Peter, and upon this rock I will build my church, and the gates of the netherworld shall not prevail against it.”
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- 18
- Recite Matthew 26:26, “While they were eating, Jesus took bread, said the blessing, broke it, and giving it to his disciples said, “Take and eat, this is my body”.”
 - Define a pronoun. (A pronoun is a part of speech used in place of a noun or of more than one noun.)
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- 19
- Recite the sixth memorized poem. (chorally)
 - How many quarts are in a gallon? (4)
 - Recite Matthew 26:27-28, “Then he took a cup, gave thanks, and gave it to them, saying, “Drink from it, all of you, for this is my blood of the covenant, which will be shed on behalf of many for the forgiveness of sins.”
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- 20
- Define a subject pronoun. (A personal pronoun that is used as the subject in the sentence for example (I, we, you, he, she, it, they).)
 - Recite Matthew 28:19- 20, “Go, therefore, and make disciples of all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit, teaching them to observe all that I have commanded you. And behold, I am with you always, until the end of the age.”
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- 21
- Define a definite article. (It identifies a particular noun and is placed before nouns or adjectives. The adjective *the*.)
 - Recite John 1:14, “And the Word became flesh and made his dwelling among us, and we saw his glory, the glory as of the Father’s only Son, full of grace and truth.”
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- 22
- Recite the seventh memorized poem. (individually)
 - Recite John 3:16, “For God so loved the world that he gave his only Son, so that everyone who believes in him might not perish but might have eternal life.”

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- 23
- Define tense in relation to verbs. (A form of a verb that is used to show time or when an action or occurs, as in past, present, and future.)
 - A word part added to the beginning of a word is called a prefix.
 - A word part added to the end of a word is called a suffix.
 - Recite Galatians 5:25, “If we live in the Spirit, let us also follow the Spirit.”

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- 24
- Recite the eighth memorized poem. (individually)

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- 25
- Recite Galatians 5:22-23, “The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, patience, kindness, generosity, faithfulness, gentleness, self-control. Against such there is no law.”
 - The people or animals in a story are called the characters.
 - The main storyline of a story is called the plot

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- 26
- Recite an act of contrition. (See prayers in religion curriculum binder.)
 - Words that sound alike but have different spellings and meanings are called homonyms.
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